

# Native Plant Descriptions

## Skyline Grange Native Plant Sale

**NOTE: This is our Description List of Native Plants.**

**Some may not be on this year's Native Plant Pre-Order Form or available at this year's Sale.**

**If you desire a native plant not on the Pre-Order Form, note that on the Form under "Special Order Interests" and we might be able to obtain it.**

### Legend

#### Sunlight Conditions

A = Prefers full sun  
 B = Can tolerate sun or some shade  
 C = Prefers shade

#### Special Uses/Benefits

1	Attracts insects, bees, butterflies	4	Bank stabilization, erosion control
2a	Birds	5	Drought tolerant once established
2b	Hummingbirds	6	Edible parts for humans
3	Wildlife, forage cover, food		

## Wildflowers, Bulbs, & Grasses

Name	Mature Size	Sunlight	Habitat	Uses	Description
<b>Aster, Douglas's</b> <i>Aster subspicatus</i> ( <i>Symphotrichum subspicatum</i> )	2-3' h x 2-3'w	A-B	Moisture: dry-moist. Prefers moist sites & some summer water esp. if in hot location.	1	Perennial. Erect leafy stems. Ray-shaped pale lavender-blue flowers w/yellow center. Blooms mid-summer to mid-fall. Multi-stemmed. Easy care.
<b>Aster, Great Northern</b> <i>Aster modestus</i>	1-4'	B-C	Grows in moist shady woods, along streams, forest edges, clearings	1	Perennial. Single tall stem. Purple ray flowers with yellow button center blooming in late summer.
<b>Aster, Pacific</b> <i>Aster chilensis</i>	2-3'h	A	Grows in drier, open areas.	1	Perennial. Violet-lavender ray-shaped flowers blooming all summer-fall. Slender stems.
<b>Avens, Large-leaf (Oregon)</b> <i>Geum macrophyllum</i>	1-3'	B	Grows naturally in streambanks, forest edges, & moist meadows	1	Perennial. 3-10 yellow flowers on long stem. Blooms May-June.
<b>Beach Daisy (Seaside)</b> <i>Erigeron glaucus</i>	4-12" h x 24" w	A-B	Moist to dry well-drained soil. Mod. Water in summer	1	Perennial. Lavender-blue flowers w/yellow centers in summer.
<b>Blanket Flower</b> <i>Gaillardia aristata</i>	1-3'	A	Naturally grows in roadside ditches, meadows, grasslands. Commonly used garden plant.		Perennial. Clump of erect stems. Single yellow ray flowers with purplish-red base.
<b>Bleeding Heart, Pacific</b> <i>Dicentra Formosa</i>	8-18"	B-C	Prefers moist, shady location. Good garden plant.	1, 2a, 2b	Deciduous perennial. Fern-like foliage, pale pink-magenta colored heart-shaped flowers.
<b>Bunchberry</b> <i>Cornus unalaschkensis (canadensis)</i>	4-8"	B-C	Highly prefers shady, moist, humus-rich soils.	1,2a,6	Deciduous groundcover. Slowly spreads to form lush carpet in woodland garden. White flowers. Whorl of broad leaves turning red in fall. Edible, but tasteless, red fruit.
<b>Camas, Common</b> <i>Camassia quamash</i>	8-24"	A	Grows in moist meadows. Likes wet winters, but bulb needs to dry after blooming.	1, 2b, 6	Perennial. Erect stem. Flower spike w/many pale blue to deep purple flowers. Native American food source
<b>Camas, Great (wild hyacinth)</b> <i>Camassia leichtlinii</i>	2-3'h x 1'w	A	Wet, soggy soils that dry by summer.	1,2b,3	Perennial. Sturdy erect stem. Long, grass-like leaves. Spiked pale blue flowers.
<b>Candyflower</b> <i>Montia (Claytonia) sibirica</i>	6-14"	B-C	Grows in moist places in forest, streambanks		Succulent annual. White to pink flowers from late winter to spring. Edible.
<b>Checkermallow, Henderson's</b> <i>Sidalcea hendersonii</i>	2-5'		Needs moist to wet soil.		Perennial. Erect. Deep pink blooms. Dark pink flowers.
<b>Checkermallow, Meadow</b> <i>Sidalcea campestris</i>	2-5'	A-B	Moist, well-drained soil to drier soil. Plant with blue-eyed grass, lupines & iris for colorful border.	1	Showy perennial. Delicate hollyhock-like blossoms white to rosy pink in late spring/early summer. Stands tall. Easy to grow.
<b>Checkermallow, Nelson's</b> <i>Sidalcea nelsoniana</i>		A-B	Regular water, but tolerates less. Not fussy but better in rich organic soil.	1	Showy perennial. Pinkish-lavender flowers in late spring/early summer. Resembles a small hollyhock. Plant with blue-eyed grass, lupines & iris for colorful border.

<b>Clarkia, Common</b> <i>Clarkia rhomboidea</i>	6-22"	B	Grows in open dry areas, forest edges. Low to regular water.	1	Annual. Lavender-pink flowers w/diamond-shaped petals.
<b>Clarkia, Farewell to Spring</b> <i>Clarkia amoena</i>	6-24"	A-B	Moisture: dry-moist. Grows in open dry areas, forest edges. Poor soil okay.	1	Annual. Showy pale rose to deep magenta, cup-shaped flowers.
<b>Clarkia, Winecup</b> <i>Clarkia purpurea</i>	6-24"	A	Low to moderate water. Grows dry woodlands, open areas, pine forests. Provides color & interest in garden.	1	Uncommon annual. Erect stem. Erect flower buds. Showy. Small pink, lavender, purple or wine-red flowers, widely spaced. Reseeds.
<b>Columbine, Red (Sitka)</b> <i>Aquilegia Formosa</i>	8-24"	B	Grows in moist, open to partly shaded areas of forest or flower beds. Best w/some summer water.	1, 2a, 2b	Perennial. Nodding, bright red flower with some yellow. Wonderful garden plant. Good cut flower. Self-seeds.
<b>Fairy Bells, Hooker's</b> <i>Disporum hookeri</i>	1-3'	C	Grows in moist, shaded woods & wood edges.	6	Perennial. Greenish or creamy hanging bell flowers in late spring. Broad, bell-shaped leaves. Juicy, modestly sweet yellow to red berries. Spreads to form colonies.
<b>Fireweed, Oregon</b> <i>Chamerion angustifolium</i>	2-5'	A-B	Grows in open, disturbed sites, esp. after a fire. Medium water needs.	2b	Herbaceous perennial. Showy light purple-purple blooms June – Sept. Caution- can be aggressive spreader & persistent. Remove spent flower promptly to prevent self-seeding.
<b>Fescue, Idaho</b> <i>Festuca idahoensis</i>	1-3'h x 10-18" w	A-B	Well-drained soil from moist to dry. Soil doesn't need to be very fertile.	1,2a,4,5	Perennial grass. Attractive bunchgrass with spikes. Long-lived. Will self-sow creating drought tolerant groundcover.
<b>Foamflower</b> <i>Tiarella trifoliata var unifoliata</i>	6-24"	C	Likes moist streambanks, moist shady woods		Deciduous perennial. Small flowers held in spreading cluster at top of thin stems.
<b>Fringecup</b> <i>Tellima grandiflora</i>	2'	B	Grows in moist forests & along stream. Tolerates wet area.	1	Perennial. Fragrant. Greenish-white small bell-flower. Heart-shaped leaves. Upright stem. Good cut flower.
<b>Geranium, Oregon</b> <i>Geranium oregonum</i>	18-30"	B-C	Moist meadows & woodlands. Shade & low water tolerant.	1	Perennial. Upright. Red-purple flowers on 1-2" stalks. Blooms June-July. Leaves 3-5" wide.
<b>Ginger, Wild</b> <i>Asarum caudatum</i>	4-6"	C	Grows in shady moist, rich soils.	3	Evergreen perennial. Heart-shaped leaves & maroon flowers. Spreads.
<b>Goatsbeard, Sylan</b> <i>Aruncus sylvester (dioicus)</i>	3-6'h x 3-5' w	B-C	Grows in moist forests & along streams & shady roadsides. Drought tolerant but prefers additional water in summer.	1,2b, 3	Perennial shrub. Misty plumes of white flowers blooming late spring-summer. Against green background, its elegance really shows. .
<b>Goldenrod, Canada</b> <i>Solidago Canadensis</i>	2-5'	A-B	Grows in meadows, thickets. Prefers undisturbed sites.	1,5	Deciduous perennial. Brilliant yellow-gold flower heads. Late-blooming.
<b>Grass, Western Blue-Eyed</b> <i>Sisyrinchium bellum</i>	6-16"h	A-B	Does well in variety of sites – rock gardens, meadows. Moderate moisture but is drought tolerant.	1,2a	Perennial. Profuse small dark purple flowers blooming in late spring/summer.
<b>Grass, Idaho Blue-Eyed</b> <i>Sisyrinchium idahoense</i>	6-16"h x 4-12" w	A-B	Moisture-loving. Good rain garden plant.	1,2a	Perennial. Dainty iris-like plant. Bluish-purple flowers with yellow "eye" in center blooming mid-spring to mid-summer.
<b>Grass, Golden-eyed</b> <i>Sisyrinchium californicum</i>	6-16"	A-B	Prefers wet edges of ponds & wetlands in the wild.	1	Perennial. Narrow, grass-like leaves & showy, yellow flowers on short stalks. Flowers open in first hours of sunlight, withering later. Reseeds.
<b>Hairgrass, Tufted</b> <i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i>	2-4'h x 1-3' w	A-B	Moist soil, but can tolerate drier sites. Moist meadow.	2a, 4,5	Perennial grass. Evergreen if adequate water. Bunchgrass. Tall, loose, silky panicles of flowers from spring to spring.
<b>Honeysuckle, Orange</b> <i>Lonicera ciliosa</i>	10-20'	B	Moisture: moist. Grows in forests & woodland edges.	1, 2b	Deciduous Vine. trailing to climbing. Brilliant orange & yellow tubular flowers blooming May to July. Many small berries.
<b>Honeysuckle, Hairy (Pink)</b> <i>Lonicera hispidula</i>	3-10'	A-B	Moisture: dry-moist. Well-drained soil. Grows on dry sites in open mixed woods.	2a, 5	Evergreen Vine. Fragrant pink blossoms in mid-summer. Many branches. Red berries. Bronzy foliage in winter.

<b>Inside-Out Flower , White</b> 12-16" <i>Vancouveria hexandra</i>	B-C	Low to regular water. Well-drained soil. Moist woodland garden or conifer forest.	2a,3,5	Deciduous perennial. Gorgeous groundcover w/exquisite white blooms in spring/summer. Leaves are duck-foot shaped.	
<b>Iris, Douglas</b> <i>Iris douglasiana</i>	6-20"	A-B	Some summer water.	1,	Evergreen perennial. Board leaves. Flowers of many shades of purple in springtime. Rhizomatous, Unforgettable with poppies, meadowfoam, and grasses.
<b>Iris, Oregon</b> <i>Iris tenax</i>	12"	A-B	Moisture: moist-wet. Tolerates range of soil conditions. Grows in meadows & woodland gardens.	1,2a,3	Deciduous perennial. Grass-like leaves. Lavender to deep purple flowers in spring.
<b>Iris, Yellowleaf</b> <i>Iris chrysophylla</i>	2-8 "	B	Grows in open forests, woodlands.		Perennial. Erect stems or stemless. Evergreen leaves. Flowers white & sometimes tinged blue, or cream to pale yellow with darker veining.
<b>Larkspur, Columbian</b> <i>Delphinium trolliifolium</i>	2-5' x 1-2'	B-C	Grows in moist, shady woodlands. Likes moist, rich organic soil. Requires some summer water.	1,2a, 2b	Deciduous perennial. Erect. Handsome. Dark blue flowers w/white upper petals in center. Blooms Apr-June. Lacey foliage. CAUTION: poisonous if ingested.
<b>Lily of the Valley, False</b> <i>Maianthemum dilatatum</i>	6-15"	A-C	Grows best in moist shady places. Vigorous spreader if in moist, shaded area. Water in summer.		Perennial. Often in clumps from creeping roots. 8x4" heart-shaped leaves. Fragrant, white flowers in cone-shaped clusters sticking up above the leaves. Fall berries turning red.
<b>Lily, Tiger</b> <i>Lilium columbianum</i>	2-3'h x 10-18"w	A-B	Moisture: moist-wet. Grows in forest edges, gardens, open woods, meadows. Some summer water in hot areas.	1,2b	Perennial bulb. Numerous bright orange-flowers with deep red or purple spots. Flowers dangle on tall stems.
<b>Lily, Oregon Fawn</b> <i>Erythronium oregonum</i>	12"h x 6-8'w	B	Grows in light woods & open meadows. Well-drained soil. Requires no water when dormant.		Beautiful wildflower. Erect stem. Mottled leaves that resemble backs of fawns. White to pale yellow flowers on leafless stalk. Blooms in spring.
<b>Lupine, Big-leaf</b> <i>Lupinus polyphyllus</i>	2-4'h x 2-4'w	A-B	Well-drained soil. Moist soil preferred. Good in perennial garden, moist meadow.	1, 2a	Deciduous perennial. Erect. Large deep blue-violet flowers on tall stalks, blooming in summer.
<b>Lupine, Streambank</b> <i>Lupinus rivularis</i>	18-42"	A-B	Well-drained soil.	1, 2a	Erect perennial. Violet or blue flowers in early spring.
<b>Meadowfoam, Douglas</b> <i>Limnanthes douglasii</i>	6-12"	A	Loves wet sites. Well-drained soil.	1	Self-seeding winter annual. Delicate, bright green foliage. Large yellow flowers with white tips in spring. Beautiful en masse! Lovely edging plant in sunny border.
<b>Meadowrue, Western</b> <i>Thalictrum occidentale</i>	12-40"	B	Regular water. Grows in openings in woods, along streams, wet places.		Perennial. Lots of white or purple flowers that shimmer in the wind.
<b>Milkweed, Narrow-leaved</b> <i>Asclepias fascicularis</i>	2-3'	A	Soil: tolerates a variety from dry to moist.	1	Deciduous perennial. Erect stems. Greenish white to purplish pink flowers, smaller than showy milkweed. Blooms in clusters. Grow it for its monarch butterfly benefits & not for its appearance.
<b>Milkweed, Showy</b> <i>Asclepias speciosa</i>	2-3'h x 2-3'w	A	Well-drained soil. Grows in open, moist to dry site, meadows, roadsides, ditches. Good for stabilizing & restoring degraded sites.	1, 2a, 2b, 5	Deciduous perennial. Gray-green leaves. Purple-rose flowers. Tough, extensive roots so may out-compete other vegetation. Larval host for monarch butterfly. Toxic to livestock but will avoid them if other forage available.
<b>Miner's Lettuce</b> <i>Claytonia perfoliata</i>		B	Commonly used as groundcover.		Annual. Upright. Round, succulent edible leaves. Small white flowers blooming Feb-June.
<b>Monkeyflower, Lewis's (Pink)</b> <i>Mimulus lewisii</i>	1-4'	A-B	Likes wet areas, streambanks, moist meadows.	1, 2b	Perennial. Long-blooming (spring through fall). Pink to bright rose-colored snapdragon-shaped flowers w/ yellow markings in throat. Sticky

					leaves. Spreads outward by rhizomes & also reseeds.
<b>Monkeyflower, Red</b> <i>Mimulus cardinalis</i>	2-3'	A-B	Best in moist, partly shady area. Needs summer watering.	1, 2b	Perennial. Long-blooming (spring through fall). Scarlet snapdragon-shaped flowers. Pale green, sticky leaves. Spreads outward by rhizomes & also reseeds.
<b>Monkeyflower, Yellow</b> <i>Mimulus guttatus</i>	2-3'h x 1-2'w	A-B	Moisture: moist – wet Good waterside plant.	1, 2b,4	Perennial. Long blooming yellow -gold snapdragon-shaped flowers. Spreads by rhizomes & reseeds.
<b>Mt. Avens,</b> <i>Dryas octopetala</i>	4-8"	A	Low water. Well-drained soil. Good rock garden plant. Drought tolerant.	5	Evergreen, mat-forming perennial. White to cream flowers in spring to early summer. Seed heads are attractive snowy white tufts in late summer.
<b>Oregon Sunshine</b> <i>Eriophyllum lanatum</i>	8-40"	A-B	Prefers full sun. Often in dry, open lands. Well-drained soil.	6	Perennial . Grows low with long wooly stems reaching upward. Flower heads single on stalks with 8-13 yellow ray flowers.
<b>Oxalis, Oregon (Redwood Sorrel)</b> <i>Oxalis oregana</i>	2-8"	B-C	Moist soil. Naturally grows in Douglas fir forests.	1,2a,3	Woodland perennial. 3 heart-shaped leaflets & flowers solitary on long stalks.
<b>Penstemon, Broad-leaved</b> <i>Penstemon ovatus</i>	2-4'	A-B	Damp, well-drained or shady moist soils..	1, 2b,	Usually deciduous. Long-lasting color from late spring-early summer. Upright. Whorls of many deep blue to purple flowers. Freely seeds.
<b>Penstemon, Cardwell's</b> <i>Penstemon carwellii</i>	6-12" h x 2-3' w	A-B	Well-drained, moist to dry soil, not too rich. Low water needs. Tolerates heat & drought.	1, 2b,5	Evergreen, low-growing, compact shrublet. Large lavender-rosy purple tubular flowers. Thick, oval bright green leaves. Plant
<b>Penstemon, Cascade</b> <i>Penstemon serrulatus</i>	8-30"	A-B	Moisture: dry-moist. Well-drained soil. Low water needs., but likes regular water with good drainage. Rock garden plant.	1, 2b	Perennial w/ blue-purple flowers. Plant in right spot, then leave alone.
<b>Penstemon, Small-flowered</b> <i>Penstemon procerus</i>	2-12"	B	Well-drained soil. Low water requirements.	1, 2b	Perennial. Whorls of downward-facing flowers. Purplish blue. Small purple to blue flowers Blooms July-Aug. Deer resistant.
<b>Penstemon, Taper-leaved</b> <i>Penstemon attenuatus</i>	1-2'		Grows in meadows & wooded areas.	1, 2b	Perennial. Flowers are in whorled clusters of blue or purple to pale yellow or white. Clumps to 2' across.
<b>Piggyback Plant</b> <i>Tolmiea menziesii</i>	1'h x 1'w	B-C	Rich moist, well-drained soil.	1,3	Semi-evergreen perennial. Light burgundy blossoms on flower stalks throughout summer. Fuzzy leaves.
<b>Plectritis, Rosy (Sea Blush)</b> <i>Plectritis congesta</i>	4-22"	B	Grows in coastal bluffs or partly shaded spring-wet slopes.		Annual. Erect stem with clasping leaves. Inflorescent flower is a round cluster of pink to dark pink flowers at stem top. Often forms large showy patches.
<b>Sedum, Broadleaf Stonecrop</b> <i>Sedum spathulifolium</i>	2-4"	A	Moisture: dry. Low water need except when hot. Good in rock garden, small pots.	1,6	Succulent, evergreen groundcover. Bright yellow flowers. Round, flattened leaves. Can form large mat.
<b>Sedum, Oregon Stonecrop</b> <i>Sedum organum</i>	3-6"	A-B	Low water need except when hot. Good in rock garden, gravelly area.	1,6	Succulent, evergreen groundcover. Yellow flowers. Green, spoon-shaped leaves turning bronze in sun.
<b>Shooting Star, Henderson</b> <i>Dodecatheon hendersonii</i>	5-15"	B	Needs to dry out in summer after it dies back. Drought tolerant.	1	Perennial, deciduous bulb. Oblong to spoon-shaped leaves. Eye-catching magenta-lavender flowers on singular stalk. Dormant by summer.
<b>Shooting Star, Few-Flowered</b> <i>Dodecatheon pulchellum</i>	6-20"	B-C	Moisture: wet. Grows along streambanks, wet meadows, seeps.	1	Perennial, deciduous bulb. Eye-catching magenta-lavender flowers on singular stalk floating 12-18" above foliage. Dormant by summer.
<b>Skunk Cabbage, Western</b> <i>Lysichiton americanus</i>	1-3'	C	Grow in shaded open swamps, marshes, & other areas wet throughout much of the yr.	1,3	Perennial. Huge green leaves. Greenish-yellow spikes of tiny flowers covered by a yellow hood. Blooms in early spring. Winter dormant. Foul-smelling to some.

<b>Sneezeweed, Common (Helen's Flower)</b> <i>Helenium autumnale</i>	1-4'	A	Grows in wet meadows, streambanks. Beautiful plant often used in gardens.	1, 2	Perennial. Tall, erect. Leaves mostly on stems with few branches. Flower heads on 1-4" stalks. Yellow ray flowers blooming late in summer.
<b>Solomon's Seal, False</b> <i>Smilacina racemose</i>	1-3'h x 1-3'w	B-C	Woods or edge of woods. Moist soil with organic material.	1,3	Perennial . Showy, fragrant, white plume-like flowers. Red berries in fall, but unpalatable.
<b>Solomon Seal, Star-Flowered</b> <i>Smilacina stellate</i>	1'	B	Moist soil.	3	Perennial . Clusters of white star-shaped flowers. Berries in fall. Spreads by rhizomes.
<b>Speedwell, American</b> <i>Veronica americana</i>	4-20"	A-B	Grows in wetlands.		Perennial. Riparian plant. Violet-blue flowers. May-Oct.
<b>Spring Queen</b> <i>Syntheris reniformis</i>	2-6"	B	Low to regular water.		Perennial. Bell-shaped purple to blue-violet flowers. Early blooming.
<b>Strawberry, Coastal</b> <i>Fragaria chiloensis</i>	6"	A-B	Moderate water. Well-drained soil.	1, 2a, 4, 6	Evergreen groundcover. White flowers. Edible fruit. Spreading. Glossy leaves. Spreads.
<b>Strawberry, Wild</b> <i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	2-6"	B-C	Moisture: dry-moist. Naturally grows in forest openings, stream banks, & meadows.	1, 2a, 4, 6	Spreading evergreen groundcover. White flowers, followed by a succulent edible fruit. More drought tolerant than coastal & wood's strawberries.
<b>Strawberry, Wood's</b> <i>Fragaria vesca</i>	2-5"h x 6-8'w	A	Low-regular water.	1, 2a, 4, 6	Deciduous perennial. Small white flowers. Small, intense, edible red berries. Rapidly spreads outward.
<b>Tarweed, Common</b> <i>Madia elegans</i>	6-12"	A	Naturally grows in open, grassy sites. Low water requirement in summer.	1	Annual. Yellow, daisy-like flowers in morning & curling up in the heat of the day. Pleasant fragrance.
<b>Trillium, Wake Robin</b> <i>Trillium ovatum</i>	1-2'	C	Moist, cool soil rich in organic matter. Can tolerate minor droughts.	1,3	Perennial. Beloved woodland plant w/white to deep rose-red flower on short stem. Goes dormant in summer.
<b>Trillium, Sessile</b> <i>Trillium chloropetalum</i>		C	Rich woody soil. Regular water.		Woodland perennial. Single green to maroon colored flower in early spring. Makes you smile!
<b>Twinflower</b> <i>Linnaea borealis</i>	2-6"	B-C	Grows in moist shady woods.		Creeping evergreen vine, often forming large mats. Flowers in pair at top of leafless, 2", erect stalk. Pale pink, fragrant flowers shaped as nodding bells.
<b>Valerian, Sitka</b> <i>Valeriana sitchensis</i>	1-4'	S	Grows in wet places.		Perennial. Erect, sturdy stems. Inflorescence at stem top. Flowers white or pale pink tubes.
<b>Vanilla Leaf</b> <i>Achlys triphylla</i>	1'	B-C	Moisture: dry to moist. Rich woody soil. Some watering in summer.	1	Woodland perennial. 2 fan-shaped leaves & spike of small white flowers in late spring. Can form deciduous lush groundcover.
<b>Violet, Early Blue</b> <i>Viola adunca</i>	to 4"	B-C	Regular water. Grows along stream banks & in moist woods.	1, 2a	Perennial. Pale to deep purple violet flowers. Heart-shaped leaves.
<b>Violet, Stream</b> <i>Viola glabella</i>	1-12"	B-C	Regular water. Grows along stream banks & in moist woods.	1, 2a	Perennial w/single yellow flower & heart-shaped leaves.
<b>Yarrow</b> <i>Achillea millefolium var. occidentalis</i>	1-3'x1-3'	A-B	Well drained, dry-wet soil, Grows in grasslands, roadsides, open forests, rocky areas.	1,2a,3, 5	Deciduous perennial. Large topped, flat clusters of small, white-pale pink flowers mid spring to late summer.
<b>Rushes, &amp; Sedges</b>					
<b>Rush, Common</b> <i>Juncus effuses</i>	1½ -4'	A-B	Grows in moist meadows, marshes & bogs. Can tolerate dry-wet cycles.	4	Evergreen, grass-like perennial. Tan flowers. Good riparian grass. Attractive among stones or by pond.
<b>Rush, Small-flowered Wood</b> <i>Luzula parviflora</i>	10-40"	B-C	Regular water.		Green, grass-like rush w/ panicles of small green-brown flowers. Can reseed to create carpets in woodland gardens.
<b>Rush, Spreading</b> <i>Juncus patens</i>	1-2'	A-B	Tolerates poor drainage & seasonal floods. Regular water.		Evergreen grass-like perennial w/grayish-blue stems & tan flowers
<b>Sedge, Dense</b>					

<i>Carex densa</i>					
<b>Sedge, Slough</b> <i>Carex obnupta</i>	2-6'	A-B	Moisture: moist to wet Naturally grows in wet meadows, sloughs & wooded wetlands.	2a,3	Evergreen grass-like perennial. Handsome long drooping flower heads. Grows in clumps, but can form dense stands in water.
<b>Sedge, Small-Footed</b> <i>Carex leptopoda</i>	'	B	Good understory plant in moist forests.	2a,3	True sedge. Grass-like.
<b>Ferns</b>					
<b>Fern, Deer</b> <i>Blechnum spicant</i>	2'h x 2'w	B-C	Moisture: dry -wet, but best in rich in moist, organic matter.	1, 3	Fern. Mostly evergreen. 2 types of fronds. Dies back in winter. Adds lushness to woodland garden.
<b>Fern, Lady</b> <i>Athyrium filix-femina</i>	3-6'	B-C	Moist to wet forests, swamps, thickets, openings, stream banks, meadows & clearings.	6	Leaves lance-shaped, tapering at both ends. Edible fiddleheads.
<b>Fern, Licorice</b> <i>Polypodium glycyrrhiza</i>	10-16''h	B-C	Often grow on fallen or dead branches, mossy tree trunks. Moist sites. Plant in a place where mosses naturally grow.	1,2a,3, 6	Deciduous, perennial fern. Bright green, feather-like foot long fronds emerge in the fall & through the winter. Dies back in the spring. Edible licorice-favored rhizomes for chewing on or tea.
<b>Fern, Maidenhair</b> <i>Adiantum pedatum</i>	1- 2' x 1-2'w	B-C	Moist, humus-rich soil. Likes shady, moist woods, ravines, & stream banks	1, 2a,3	Deciduous fern. Elegant fronds. Dies back in winter. Beautiful in wood-land & riparian areas.
<b>Fern, Sword</b> <i>Polystichum munitum</i>	3-4'h x 3-4'w	B-C	Moisture: dry-moist. Grows in many garden sites. Naturally in moist, coniferous forests. Drought tolerant once established.	2a, 3, 4	Evergreen fern. Deep roots. Extremely versatile.
<b>Shrubs or Small Trees</b>					
<b>Azalea, Western</b> <i>Rhododendron occidentale</i>	4-15'	C	Naturally grows in seeps, stream edges, & wet places in coniferous forests. Needs good air circulation – don't crowd.		Shrub. White flowers tinted with pink, salmon, or yellow – very fragrant, showy.
<b>Ceanothus, Blueblossom</b> <i>Ceanothus thyrsiflorus</i>	2-18'	A-B	Better in some shade. Requires minimum care & water.	1,2a,2 b,4,5	Evergreen, perennial shrub. Erect. Fragrant clusters of light to deep blue flowers in dense clusters in late spring. If you like blue, honeybees & hummingbirds, this is for you.
<b>Ceanothus (Deerbrush)</b> <i>Ceanothus integerrimus</i>	3-12'	A-B	Well-drained soil best. Needs little summer water once established. Grows naturally in openings of mixed forests.	4	Deciduous shrub. Fragrant clusters of small, pale blue to white flowers in late spring. Stems yellow to pale green.
<b>Ceanothus, Snow Bush (Whitethorn)</b> <i>Ceanothus cordulatus</i>	3-6'h	B-C	Coarse, well-drained soil. Grows under open conifer or oak forests.	3, 5	Evergreen shrub. Fragrant white flowers in dense clusters blooming in late spring-mid summer. Whitish bark with green leaves.
<b>Cherry, Bitter</b> <i>Prunus emarginata</i>	15-50'h x 10-30'w	A-B	Grows in open conifer forests. Moist to dry soil.	1,2a,3	Deciduous shrub or small tree. Upright. Sometimes multi-trunked. Clusters to white to ink fragrant flowers mid-spring to early summer. Bitter, bright red fruit.
<b>Currant, Golden</b> <i>Ribes aureum</i>	3-9'	A-B	Prefers fertile, well-drained soil moist to dry. Drought tolerant once established.	1, 2a, 2b,5	Shrub. Golden yellow flowers in fragrant clusters. Berries are bitter, shiny red, orange or black.
<b>Currant, Red-Flowering</b> <i>Ribes sanguineum</i>	9'	A-B	Moisture: dry-moist. Best in well-drained soil. Grows in open woods, forests & rocky slopes.	1, 2a, 2b	Deciduous shrub. Beautiful pale pink to deep red flowers in drooping clusters in late spring. Tasteless, bluish-black berries.
<b>Dogwood, Red-Osier (Red-Twig)</b> <i>Cornus stolonifera (sericea)</i>	6-15'	A-B	8x10' wide. Best in rich, moist, well-drained soil.	1, 2a, 2b, 3, 4	Deciduous shrub. Multi-stemmed, fast growing. Round white flowers in spring/summer, then replaced by white berries. Colorful red stems in winter. Showy all year.

<b>Elderberry, Blue</b> <i>Sambucus cerulean</i>	3-15''	A-B	Moisture: dry-moist. Prefers well-drained soil. Naturally grows on open slopes, near streams & along roadsides. Regular water. Prefers more sun than red elderberry.	1, 2a, 2b, 3, 4, 6	Deciduous shrub. Small white flowers in flattened clusters in early summer (blooms later than red elderberry). Although the blue berries are edible, some sources advise cooking them first. Fast growing. Handsome.
<b>Elderberry, Red</b> <i>Sambucus racemosa</i>	8-20'	A-B	Moisture: dry-moist. Prefers moist, loamy, rich soil but tolerates dryer or clay soils.	1, 2a, 2b,3,5	Deciduous shrub. Fast growing, handsome. White flower clusters. Bright red, unpalatable berries when raw.
<b>Gooseberry, Wild (Coast Black)</b> <i>Ribes divaricatum</i>	3-10'		Moist soil. Grows in evergreen, oak & redwood forests.	3	Deciduous shrub. Reddish flowers in clusters. Dark, eatable berries. Thorny.
<b>Hawthorn, Black</b> <i>Crataegus douglasii</i>	13-20'h x 12-20'w	A-B	Grows in open to shady forests, along streambanks, & meadows.	1,2a,2b,4	Deciduous erect shrub. Thorny. Slow growing, but eventually forms a thicket. Fragrant white flowers in spring. Blackish purple, edible fruit.
<b>Hazelnut, Beaked</b> <i>Corylus cornuta</i>	3-17'h	A-C	Moisture: dry-moist.	5	Deciduous shrub or small tree. Crown spreading. Catkin flowers. Edible nuts in clusters. Graceful.
<b>Huckleberry, Evergreen</b> <i>Vaccinium ovatum</i>	3-9'h x3-10'w	B-C	Moist, acidic, rich soil. Drought tolerant once established in shade.	1,2a, 2b,3,6	Evergreen shrub. Slow growing. Pale pink flowers. Small dark blue edible berries. Delicious pie berries.
<b>Huckleberry, Red</b> <i>Vaccinium parvifolium</i>	4-10'	B-C	Moist, acidic soil rich in organic matter & decaying wood. Naturally grows in moist forests, often on rotting stumps.	1,2a,2b,3, 6	Deciduous shrub. Upright. Greenish-pink flowers in spring. Brilliant red berries in summer.
<b>Indian Plum</b> <i>Oemleria cerasiformis</i>	12-18'h x 10-14'w	B	Intolerant to full sun or deep shade. Tolerates clay soil, but not very wet soils. Drought tolerant once established.	1, 2a, 2b,3,4, 5	Deciduous large shrub. White flowers. Small purple fruit – edible, but not delicious. First shrub to leaf out & bloom in spring causing smiles & early food for pollinating insects.
<b>Kinnikinnik</b> <i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i>	4-12''hx2-10'w	A-B	Moisture: dry. Well-drained soil. Doesn't like hot. May be slow to establish. Plant where can spread out.	1, 2a, 3, 4	Evergreen low shrub. Attractive dark green leaves. Attractive edible, but tasteless red berries. Fast growing.
<b>Mockorange</b> <i>Philadelphus lewisii</i>	6-9'h x 6-8'w	A-B	Tolerates all but deep shade. Moist to dry soil, but not wet soil.	1, 2a, 2b,3,4, 5	Deciduous shrub. Erect. Aromatic, orange scented, white flowers in clusters. Drought tolerant, but in sun better with some watering.
<b>Ninebark, Pacific</b> <i>Physocarpus capitatus</i>	3-13'	A-C	Moisture: moist-wet. Prefers moist, well-drained soils, such as along streams, wet forest edges, & wet banks.	1, 2a, 4	Deciduous shrub or small tree. Attractive. Thin, shredded bark. Maple-like leaves turning bright yellow in fall. Showy, white flowers. Fast growing.
<b>Oceanspray</b> <i>Holodiscus discolor</i>	8-15'h x 8-12'w	A-B	Moisture: dry to moist, well-drained soils. Intolerant of deep shade. Tolerates low nutrients.	1,2a,3, 4,5	Deciduous shrub. Plumes of drooping white flowers. Multi-stemmed.
<b>Oregon-Grape, Cascade</b> <i>Berberis (Mahonia) nervosa</i>	2'h x 2'w	B-C	Moisture: dry-moist. Rich, ell-drained soil.	1, 2a, 2b, 3, 6	Evergreen shrub. Holly-like leaves, yellow flowers & blue, edible, tart berries. Jam is mmm. State flower of Oregon.
<b>Oregon-Grape, Trailing ((Creeping)</b> <i>Mahonia (Berberis) repens</i>	4-8''h	B-C	Rich soil. Well-drained soil. Grows in woodlands & conifer forests but can also grow in drier areas.	2a, 6	Evergreen shrub. Prostrate or low growing. Holly-like leaves. Yellow flowers. Blue, edible, tart berries. Jam is mmm. State flower of Oregon.
<b>Oregon-Grape, Tall</b> <i>Mahonia( Berberis) aquifolium</i>	3-10'h x 3-6'w	A-B	Well-drained moist or dry soils. Drought tolerant in shade.	1, 2a, 2b, 3	Evergreen shrub. Upright. Long blooming bright yellow flowers. Dark blue edible berries. Good partial screen or low hedge.
<b>Rhododendron, Pacific</b> <i>Rhododendron macrophyllum</i>	10-25'h x10'w	B-C	Prefers moist, well-drained, slightly acidic soil. Grows in moist to dry coniferous forests.	1,2a,2b,3	Evergreen shrub. Pale to purplish pink flowers in clusters. Washington State flower.
<b>Rose, Baldhip (Wood)</b> <i>Rosa gymnocarpa</i>	1-7'h	A-C	Moisture: dry-moist. Best in moist but not wet area w/ filtered light. Tolerates moderate drought conditions.	1,2a,3	Deciduous Shrub. stems erect to spreading. Bristles. 1'' pink flowers blooming late spring to late summer. . Orange to bright red edible fruit.

				Grows quickly, but doesn't spread as rapidly as other native roses.
<b>Rose, Clustered Wild Rose (Swamp)</b> <i>Rosa pisocarpa</i> 7-10'h x 6'w	A-B	A riparian plant preferring wet soil, swamp, & tolerates seasonal floods.	1,2a,3	Deciduous shrub. Arching branches maybe with pickles. Vicious thorns. Pink-red flowers which stay during winter. Spread slowly by rhizomes. Make rosehip jelly- & teas-yum.
<b>Rose, Nootka</b> <i>Rosa nutkana</i> 3-6'h x 3-6'w	A-B	Moist but not boggy area. Grows very fast, spreads by runners, forming dense, impenetrable thickets.	1,2a,3	Deciduous shrub. Thorns. Solitary pink flowers. Purplish, pear-shaped hips. Sweet, cinnamon-like scent.
<b>Salal</b> <i>Gaultheria shallon</i> 2-5'h x 3-8'w	B-C	Rich, well-drained, moist to dry soils. Best as understory. Burns in full sun.	1,2a,3,6	Evergreen perennial. Vigorous, forming dense impenetrable thickets. Leaves thick & leathery. Flowers urn-shaped, white or pale pink. Edible dry dark blue/purple berries used in preserves.
<b>Salmonberry</b> <i>Rubus spectabilis</i> 3-15'	B	Grows best in moist to wet areas, along streams, & moist woods.	2a, 2b,	Perennial erect shrub. Thicket-forming. Deciduous leaves. Weak thorns. Pink to magenta flowers. Yellow to salmon colored fruit, edible but not flavorful.
<b>Serviceberry, Western</b> <i>Amelanchier alnifolia</i> 8-18'h	A-B	6-10' wide. Naturally grows in meadows, thickets & forest edges.	1,2a,3,6	Deciduous shrub. Bark dark grey to reddish. Often spreads by rhizomes. Can form dense colonies. Large, white, showy blooming in spring. Sweet, edible, sweet blueberry-like.
<b>Snowberry, Common</b> <i>Symphoricarpos albus</i> 4-7'	A-B	Dry to moist sites. Naturally grows in open forests & rocky slopes. Drought tolerant once established.	1,2a,3,4	Perennial shrub. Attractive foliage & showy white berries that persist thru winter.
<b>Snowberry, Creeping</b> <i>Symphoricarpos mollis</i> 18-24"	A-B	Moisture: dry-moist sites. Naturally grows on slopes, often in gravelly or sandy soils.	2a, 4	Deciduous shrub. Vine-like. Urn-shaped flowers & fruit similar to Common Snowberry.
<b>Spiraea, Pyramidal</b> <i>Spiraea x pyramidata</i> 1-3'h	B	Grows in moist forests, along streambanks.		Shrub. Erect, Rhizomatous.. Dense, pyramid-shaped clusters of cream to bright pink flowers.
<b>Spirea, Western (Hardtack)</b> <i>Spiraea douglasii</i> 4-12'	A-B	Moisture: Moist to boggy, wet soil, not in dry conditions. Makes good shrub border.	1,2a,3,4	Deciduous shrub. Showy plumes of pink to rose-colored flowers in summer. Erect. Attractive ornamental. Fast-growing. Suckering.
<b>Thimbleberry</b> <i>Rubus parviflorus</i> 4-6'h	A-B	Well-drained, slightly acidic, moist soil. If full sun, more moisture required. Spreads so not good for small sites.	61,2a,3,4	Deciduous shrub. Thornless, upright. Berries usually delicious. Large, fuzzy branches. White flowers. Note: spreads by rhizomes & forms a thicket.
<b>Twinberry, Black</b> <i>Lonicera involucrate</i> 3-9'	A-C	Moist, rich soil. Naturally grows in forests, clearings, along streams.	1,2a,3	Deciduous shrub. Spreading to erect shape. Yellow trumpet-shaped flowers. Bitter berries. Attractive waterside shrub.
<b>Viburnum, High Bush Cranberry</b> <i>Viburnum trilobum</i> 10-15'	A-B	Moisture: moist-wet. Grows in moist areas at edge of forests & streams. Regular water.	1, 2a, 6	Deciduous shrub. Upright. Dainty clusters of white flowers. Edible, red fruit. Big, brilliant red leaves in fall.
<b>Viburnum, Oval-leaved</b> <i>Viburnum ellipticum</i> 4-8'	A-B	Moist to dry, well-drained soils. Good woodland garden & hedge plant.	1, 2a,	Deciduous shrub. Upright. Dainty clusters of white flowers. Glossy, red fruit (edible!). Red leaves in fall.
<b>Willow, Pacific</b> <i>Salix lasiandra</i> 3-40'h	A-B	Grows in streambanks, floodplains.		Deciduous tree or shrub. Not clump-forming. Catkins 1-4".
<b>Willow, Scouler's</b> <i>Salix scouleriana</i> 20-30'h x 10-15'w	A-B	Prefers moist soil. Grows in deciduous or conifer forest openings, along streams & in wetlands.	1,2a,3,5	Deciduous shrub or small tree. Multi-stemmed. Flowers are catkins.
<b>Willow, Sitka</b> <i>Salix sitchensis</i> 3-27'h	A-B	Grows in open areas, of moist to wet forests & in floodplains.		Deciduous small tree or shrub. Catkins 1-3".
<b>Trees</b>				
<b>Alder, Red</b> <i>Alnus rubra</i> 17-80'	A-B	Moisture: dry-wet. Grows in moist forests. Shade intolerant.		Deciduous tree. Catkin flowers. Gray bark. Older bark often has lichen on it. Fast growing. Adds nitrogen to the soil.

<b>Ash, Oregon</b> <i>Fraxinus latifolia</i>	25-30'h x 30-40'w	A-B	Prefers deep, rich soil. Moist to seasonably wet. Shade intolerant.	1,2a,3	Deciduous tree. Upright. Yellow male flowers & greenish female flowers. Winged fruit. Grows quickly. Long-lived.
<b>Bitter Cherry</b> <i>Prunus emarginata</i>	30'h	A-B			
<b>Cascara (Buckhorn)</b> <i>Rhamnus purshiana</i>	20-30'h x 15'w	B	Moisture: dry-moist. Naturally grows on stream banks, in hardwood & conifer forests. Well-drained soil.	1, 2a, 3	Deciduous small tree or shrub. Bark silvery-gray. Pea-sized blue-black fruit. Bark has been used as a laxative. Note: Vigorous stump sprouter.
<b>Cedar, Incense</b> <i>Calocedrus decurrens</i>	50-100'h x 10-15'w	A-B	Moist to dry soil, sl. acidic. Grow in groups as a screen or as specimen tree.	2a,3	Conifer tree. Aromatic, handsome. Straight trunk w/red-brown bark. Not a true cedar. 1" cones.
<b>Chokecherry</b> <i>Prunus virginiana</i>	12'h	A-B	Moist or dryish soils	1,2a,3	Deciduous Small Tree. White to pale pink, fragrant flowers blooming in spring. Dark red berries. Thicket forming. Good hedge tree.
<b>Crabapple, Pacific</b> <i>Malus fusca</i>	10-40'	A-B	Naturally grows in bogs, streambanks & conifer forests.	2a,3,6	Deciduous small tree. Note: Clusters of white-pink flowers. Oval-shaped, edible yellow to purplish-red fruit. Make jam with fruit! Note: Sometimes thicket-forming.
<b>Dogwood, Pacific</b> <i>Cornus nuttallii</i>	20-30'h x 20-25'w	B	Moisture: dry-moist. Needs well-drained soils. Grows in moist conifer forests.	1, 2a, 2b	Deciduous tree. Showy white flower bracts in spring which stand out in the forest understory. Scarlet fall color! Susceptible to anthracnose, but many believe its beauty is worth the risk.
<b>Fir, Douglas-</b> <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>	>250'h	A-B	Fairly tolerate of both drought & shade. Plant in partial shade, but large trees do best in open, sunny areas. Soil should be evenly moist, not wet.	3	Conifer. Not a true fir. Oregon's state tree. Only cone having 3-pointed bracts sticking out between cone scales like little tongues. 1" long needles.
<b>Fir, Grand</b> <i>Abies grandis</i>	70-150'x30'	A- B	Moisture: dry-moist. well-drained soil. Open, sunny area.	2a, 3,	Conifer tree. Pyramidal shaped. Statuesque. Flat needles.
<b>Fir, Noble</b> <i>Abies procera</i>	130-230'h	A-B	Grows in cool, moist sites. Drought intolerant & less shade intolerant than other firs.		Conifer. Crown tapers, symmetrical, grayish bark when young becoming reddish brown. 4-8" cones.
<b>Hawthorn, Black (Douglas)</b> <i>Crataegus douglasii</i>	13-30'h	A-B	Moisture: moist-wet. Not heavy soil. Can plant in poor soil.	1, 2a,2b, 3	Deciduous Shrub or Small Tree. Multi-stemmed. Edible fruit. Strong thorns. Eventually forms a thicket. White flowers bloom in spring, fragrant.
<b>Hemlock, Mountain</b> <i>Tsuga mertensiana</i>		B-C	Plant seedling in shade. Sunburns easily & dries out quickly. Often found in moist site under shade of other trees. Requires rich, organic soil.		Conifer Tree. Grows slower than Western Hemlock.
<b>Hemlock, Western</b> <i>Tsuga heterophylla</i>		B-C	Plant seedling in shade. Sunburns easily & dries out quickly. Often found in moist site under shade of other trees. Requires rich, organic soil.		Conifer tree. Fast growing. Tips droop. Triangular shaped. Grayish to brownish bark. Slow growing. Small cones.
<b>Maple, Big-leaf</b> <i>Acer macrophyllum</i>	50-100'	B	Moist to dry areas. Intolerant of prolonged flooding.	3	Deciduous tree. Large with large leaves. Helicopter-like fruit. Disperses large amount of seeds.
<b>Maple, Vine</b> <i>Acer circinatum</i>	10-25'h x 10-15'w	B	Moist, well-drained soil. Woodland understory to residential garden. Will tolerate some drought.	1, 2a, 2b,4	Deciduous small tree. Typically multi-trunked. Graceful. Leaves change from bright green in spring to stunning orange-red in fall. Straight in sun, more curvaceous in shade.

<b>Oak, Oregon White</b> 8h0' <i>Quercus garryana</i>	A-B	Moisture: dry. Grows in a variety of soil types -rocky outcrops, glacial gravelly outwash, deep grassland soils, & seasonally flooded riparian areas.	3,5	Deciduous tree. Blooms mid-late spring. Shiny, dark green leaves. Flowers are catkins. Acorn fruit. Slow-growing, long lived.
<b>Pine, Valley Ponderosa</b> 180' h <i>Pinus ponderosa</i>	A	Needs good drainage. Naturally grows on dry, sunny sites, but tolerates our wet winters. Very drought tolerant.	1,2a,3,5	Conifer tree. Long lustrous 5-10" needles. Seed cones are 3-5" long. Unique bark of mature trees is pumpkin orange flaking off in small, irregular pieces.
<b>Redcedar, Western</b> 70-200'x25-50'w <i>Thuja plicata</i>	B-C	Moisture: moist-wet. Rich soil. Fairly drought tolerant once established. Seedlings need some shade.	2a,3	Conifer tree. Drooping branches. Lacy foliage. Reddish-brown bark. Not a true cedar.
<b>Spruce, Sitka</b> 100-200'h <i>Picea sitchensis</i>	A-B	Moisture: moist-wet. Cool, moist, well-drained soil. Water moderately in summer til est'l.. Not in shade.	2,3	Conifer Tree. Stiff sharp needles. Graceful drooping branches.

## References

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